

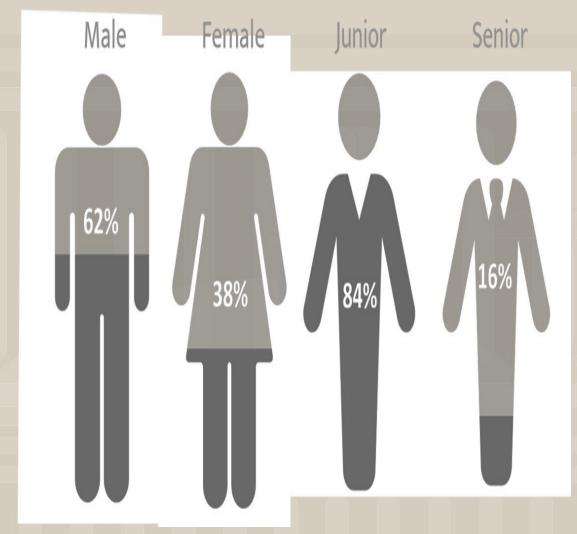


# Workshop D2: Wellbeing and positive mental health: Engaging the legal profession and regulators

Moderator: David Lee
Stephanie Spiers, Federation of Law Societies of
Canada
Peter Lawson, Burness Paull LLP
Ciara Murphy, The Bar of Ireland



### **MEMBERSHIP PROFILE**



- Representative body for 2,155 barristers in Ireland
- All barristers are sole traders, vast majority practice from the 'Law Library' throughout Ireland
- Membership Gender Profile:62% Male; 38% Female
- A third of members are less than
   10 years in practice



# **MEMBER SURVEY 2019**

Members not engaging in any significant numbers with wellbeing supports/services available

'Balance at the Bar' Member Survey undertaken in May/June 2019, to be published in October 2019

#### Looked at general wellbeing of members, such as:

- 1. workplace happiness
- 2. collaboration and collegiality
- 3. physical and mental wellbeing
- 4. experience of stress
- 5. work-related concerns
- 6. any negative experiences members have encountered including bullying, discrimination and sexual harassment.

567 barristers completed survey/response rate of 26%





# **SURVEY RESULTS 2019**

1. Four out of five barristers consider the work environment at the Bar to be collaborative and cooperative

Those who disagree are more likely to be women, more likely to practice in family law and less likely to have a mentor (formal or in-formal).

2. Vast majority are comfortable to ask a colleague for advice/help

Notably, a tenth believe it would be poor form to ask for help. Older practitioners are more comfortable with the idea of asking a colleague for help, notable gender difference between men v women.

3. Majority indicate that their friends/social network are where they turn to for support, a lower proportion referring to The Bar of Ireland

However, up to half of female barristers are reluctant to solicit support from either peers or the organisation.

4. 55% indicate that they have a formal or informal mentor

Younger members more likely to have a mentor as are those working in civil or criminal law. The benefit of a barrister having a formal mentor is clearly supported by this study.



# **SURVEY RESULTS 2019**

# 5. Barristers are most likely to consider their career as 'stressful', albeit underpinned by both 'enjoyment' and 'fulfilment'

The more worrying aspects mentioned by 29% are that it can be 'lonely' – more commonly expressed by female barristers. Younger barristers more likely to describe their career as 'worrying'. Men more likely to describe their career as 'successful'.

# 6. Barristers under the age of 40 indicate a substantially higher level of pressure & stress in all facets of work and life

In contrast more senior members indicate less stress – more probable that their families are a little older and therefore 'juggling' life is less pressurised.

#### 7. 77% of barristers believe they are in good physical & mental health

The groups indicating more uncertainty in regard to mental strength tend to be younger, and are slightly more likely to be female.

#### 8. Average working hours = 47 (in excess of avg working week in Ireland)

Senior Counsel better able to manage workload in comparison to Junior Counsel. Younger and female barristers feel much less in control and also experience a poorer work-life balance.



## **SURVEY RESULTS 2019**

- 9. 4 in 5 barristers worry about being paid for work they have undertaken;
  - This is a particular problem amongst more junior barristers and female barristers. 28% say that they struggle to make a living. Strong correlation between length of time practising and making a good living.
- 10. 7 in 10 indicate they feel reasonably happy in the profession, however 8 in 10 say that they often find themselves worrying about work related matters in their free time
  - 2 out of 3 say they dwell on mistakes and up to half claim difficulty sleeping as a result of work. Female barristers significantly more likely to have negative sentiments around stress in the workplace.
- 11. 1 in 4 barristers indicate that they experience anxiety or being on edge 'most' or 'all of the time'.

  The experience of stress is much greater among younger barristers and those working in criminal law.

  Triggered by going into court (46%).
- 12. 7 in 10 agree that they tend to be very critical of themselves

  Experience of self-criticism is notably elevated among younger and female barristers.
- 13. 31% answered in the affirmative to experience of depression/mental ill-health as a result of work Higher among female barristers and more apparent amongst Counsel qualified between 6 and 15 years.



# **WORKPLACE SUPPORTS**

- 1. 'Consult a Colleague' Confidential Helpline
- 2. Professional Practices Committee Advisory Service
- 3. Law & Women Mentorship Programme
- 4. New Members Mentorship Programme
- 5. Resilience & Performance Committee
- 6. Social Clubs & Societies (x15)
- 7. Education Programme nutrition, health, sleep, mindfulness
- 8. Benevolent Society



88% of members aware of one or more of the above initiatives, 7 in 10 aware of the confidential helpline.



#### **INITIATIVES SUGGESTED**





# **SUMMARY CONCLUSIONS**

Difficult to engage the profession in matters relating to well-being, a positive result that **88% have an awareness** of one or more of the supports available.

Members indicate that they have **other sources** from whom they seek support (family, friends, informal mentor)

Demographics displaying most challenges to their well-being are **female** barristers and younger barristers.

Strong evidence that mentoring programmes are of significant benefit.

#### **ACTIONS TO BE CONSIDERED:**

- 1. Increase focus on women and younger practitioners;
- 2. Continue to invest in mentoring programmes;
- 3. Develop programme of workshops;
- 4. Enhance internal fee collection service;
- 5. Evaluate again in 3 years.







#### **Workshop D2**

Well-Being and Positive Mental Health: Engaging the Legal Profession and Regulators

"What we know about the well-being challenges of legal professionals in North America and regulatory responses"

#### **Stephanie Spiers**

Senior Director, National Projects & Member Relations Federation of Law Societies of Canada



# **Well-Being Studies in Canada**

 Barreau du Quebec survey on Factors Affecting the Mental Health of Quebec Lawyers in the Workplace (2019)



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- Barreau du Quebec survey on Factors Affecting the Mental Health of Quebec Lawyers in the Workplace (2019)
- Law Society of British Columbia's Mental Health Task Force Report (2018)



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- Barreau du Quebec survey on Factors Affecting the Mental Health of Quebec Lawyers in the Workplace (2019)
- Law Society of British Columbia's Mental Health Task Force Report (2018)
- Canadian Bar Association (CBA) Survey of Lawyers on Wellness Issues (2012)



# **Well-Being Studies in the United States**

The Path to Lawyer Well-Being (2017)



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- The Path to Lawyer Well-Being (2017)
- The Prevalence of Substance Use and Other Mental Health Concerns Among American Attorneys (2016)



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- U.S Survey of Law Student Well-Being: Suffering in Silence (2016)



# How the Law Society of British Columbia is addressing lawyer well-being

#### 1. Educational Strategies

- Practice Advisor role expanded to include confidential consultation and referral on mental health and substance use issues
- Create specialized education and training to staff and elected decision makers
- Provide roster of qualified mental health professionals to assist staff
- Develop profession-wide communications strategy
- Remove barriers to accessing member support services
- Explore mandatory CPD requirement



# How the Law Society of British Columbia is addressing lawyer well-being

#### 2. Regulatory Strategies

- Encourage firms to put in place policies to support lawyers experiencing mental health and substance use issues
- Re-evaluate enquiries into mental health and substance use at admission stage
- Eliminate stigmatizing language in "duty to report" requirement in B.C. Code of Conduct
- Develop diversionary discipline stream for lawyers affected by mental health



# What legal regulators can do to protect the public

- Proactive vs. reactive regulation
- Support culture change by leading change
- Provide training and awareness
- Supports for members
- Provide needed tools and resources
- Addressing systemic issues that may contribute to mental health challenges

#### As illustrated in "The Path to Well-Being:

